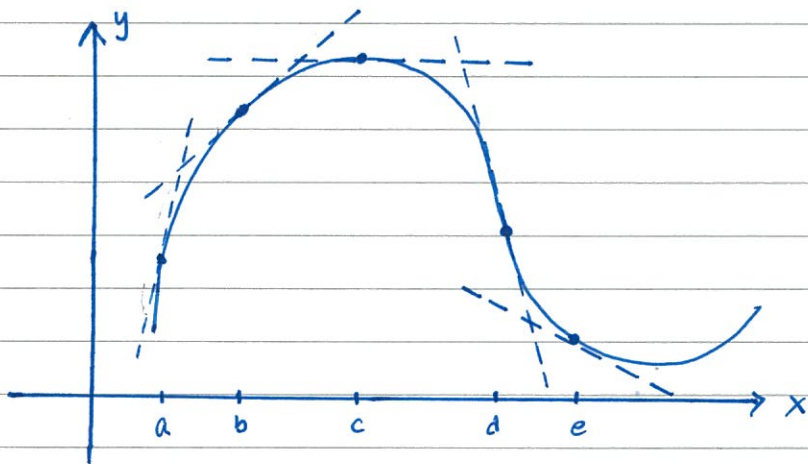


§5.5 - Graphical Differentiation.

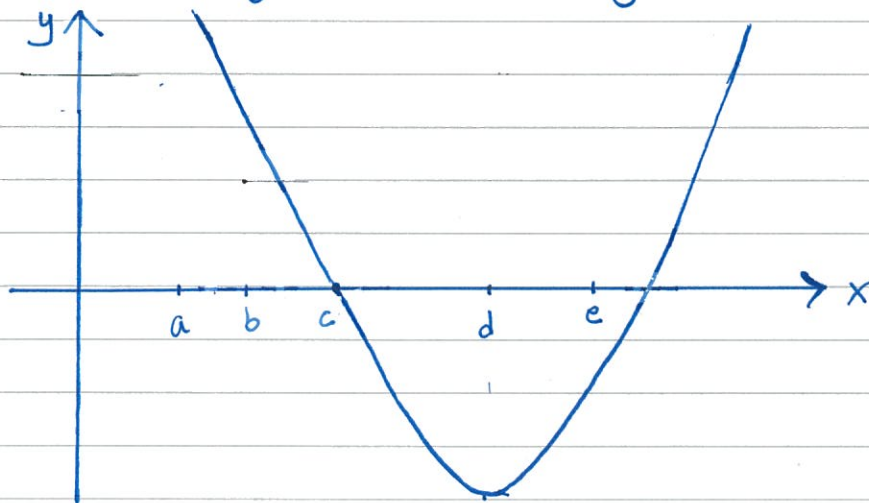
Say we know the graph of $f(x)$ but not necessarily its equation. We can still get information about $f'(x)$.

Remember: $f'(x) = \text{slope of tangent line.}$

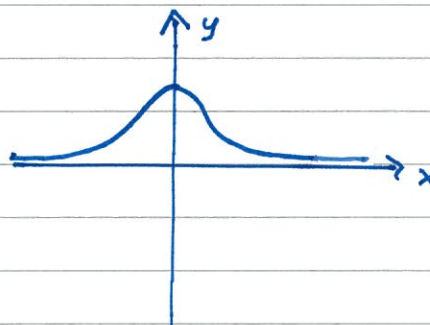
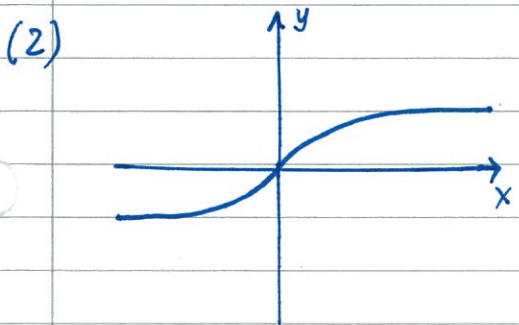
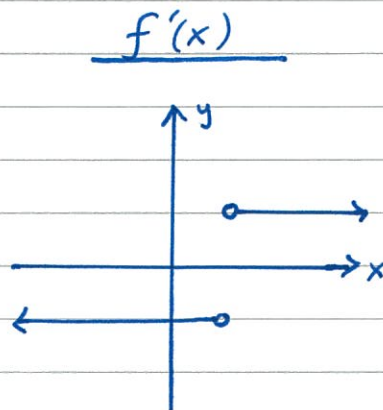
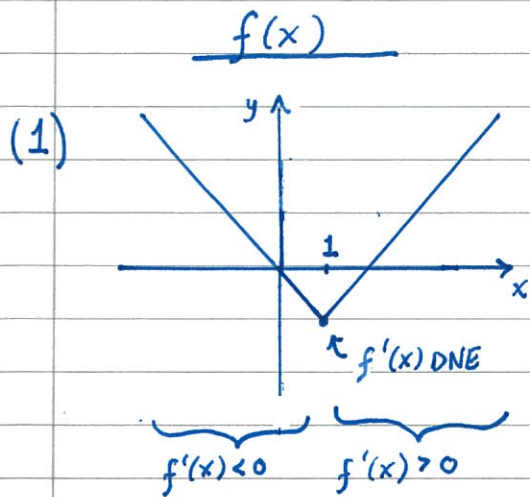


- At $x=a$, $f'(x)$ is very positive (steep slope up)
- At $x=b$, $f'(x)$ is positive, but less so than $f'(a)$.
- At $x=c$, $f'(x) = 0$ (horizontal tangent)
- At $x=d$, $f'(x)$ is very negative (steep slope down)
- At $x=e$, $f'(x)$ is negative, but less so than $f'(d)$.

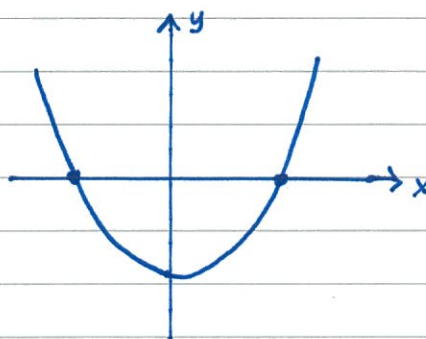
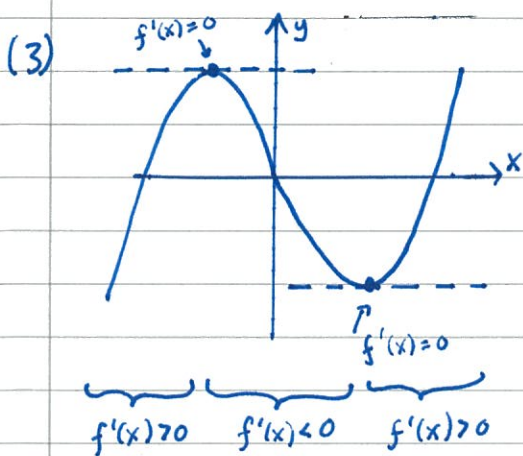
So $f'(x)$ may look something like



Ex: Sketch the graph of $f'(x)$ given the graph of $f(x)$:



$f'(x)$ always positive,
tends to 0 on left/right.

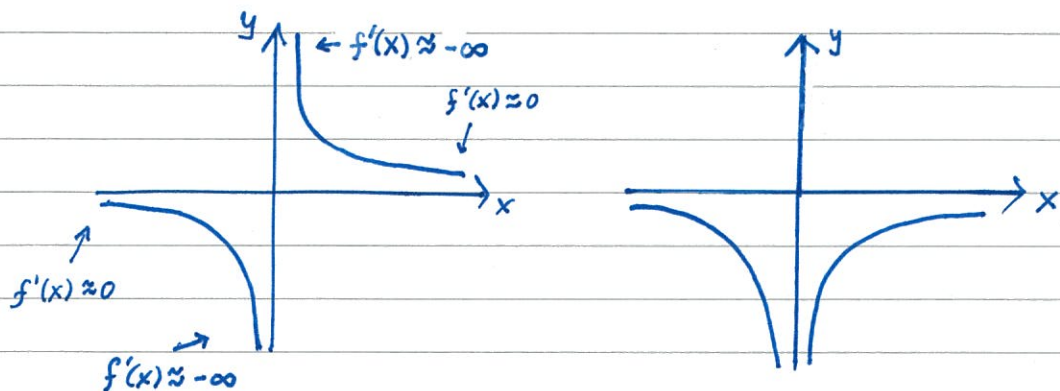


Note: Finding the points at which the tangent has slope 0 is often a good place to start. These are the x-intercepts for $f'(x)$!

(4)

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

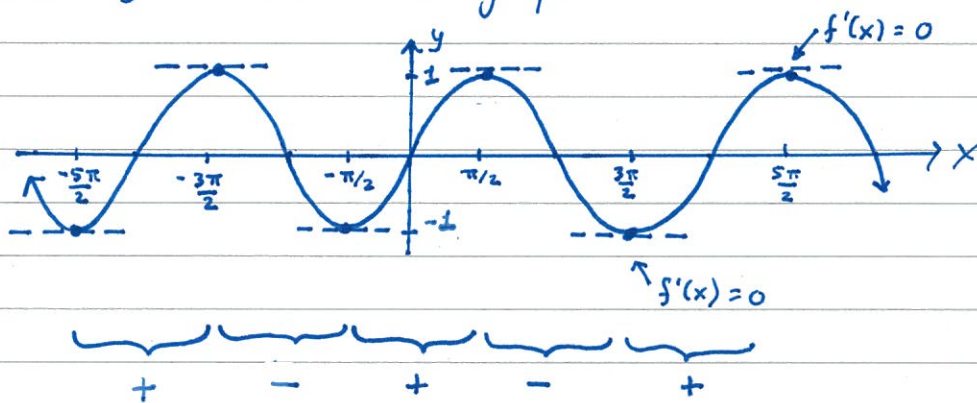
$f'(x)$



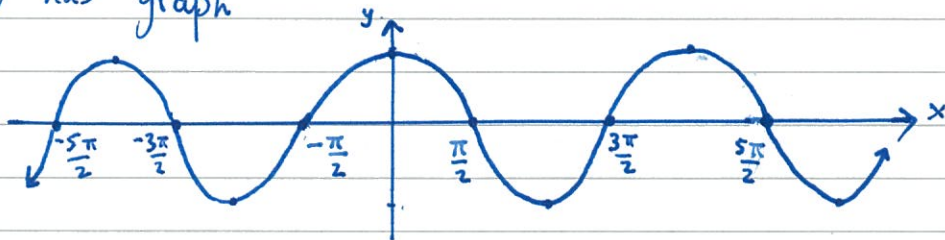
Note: $f'(x)$ is always < 0 .

Ex: Sketch $f'(x)$ when $f(x) = \sin x$.

Solution: $f(x) = \sin x$ has graph



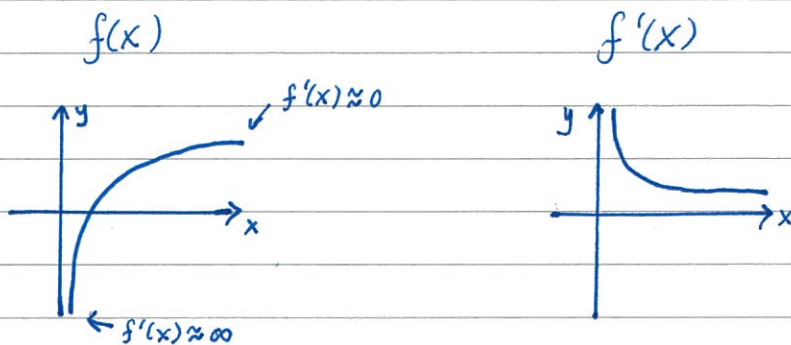
$f'(x)$ has graph



Wait... this graph looks familiar. It's $\cos x$! wow!!
We'll show later (by using the definition) that $f'(x) = \cos x$.

Ex: Sketch $f'(x)$ when $f(x) = \ln x$.

Solution

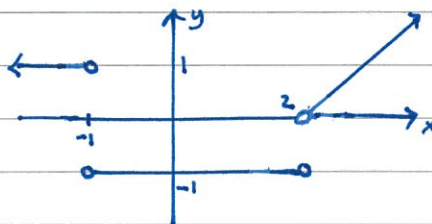


Note: $f'(x)$ is always > 0 .

Again, the graph of $f'(x)$ looks familiar! It's $\frac{1}{x}$!

Going backwards, we can sketch $f(x)$ given $f'(x)$
(sort of... there will be several possible functions $f(x)$.)

Ex: Sketch $f(x)$ given $f'(x)$:



Solution:

- $f(x)$ has slope 1 on $(-\infty, -1)$
- $f(x)$ has slope -1 on $(-1, 2)$
- slope of $f(x)$ increases from 0 to infinity on $(2, \infty)$

2 possible solutions:
(there are many more)

