

- 1:** Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be the parametric curve  $(x, y) = f(t) = (\cos t, \sin 2t)$ .
- (a) Make an accurate sketch of the curve  $\mathcal{C}$ .
  - (b) Find an implicit equation for the tangent line to  $\mathcal{C}$  at the point where  $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$ .
  - (c) Find an implicit equation for  $\mathcal{C}$ .
- 2:** Let  $\mathcal{S}$  be the parametric surface  $(x, y, z) = f(s, t) = \left(\frac{s}{t}, \sqrt{s+t}, st\right)$ .
- (a) Find the derivative matrix  $Df(s, t)$ .
  - (b) Find a parametric equation for the tangent plane to  $\mathcal{S}$  at the point where  $(s, t) = (2, 2)$ .
  - (c) Find an implicit equation for the tangent plane to  $\mathcal{S}$  at the point where  $(s, t) = (2, 2)$ .
- 3:** Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be the curve of intersection of the two surfaces  $z = x^2 - 2y$  and  $z = 2x^2 + y^2$ . Find a parametric equation for the tangent line  $\mathcal{L}$  to the curve  $\mathcal{C}$  at the point  $(-1, -1, 3)$  using each of the following two methods.
- (a) Find the equation of the tangent plane to each of the two surfaces at  $(-1, -1, 3)$ , then solve the two equations to obtain a parametric equation for  $\mathcal{L}$ .
  - (b) Find a parametric equation for  $\mathcal{C}$ , then use this parametric equation to find a parametric equation for the tangent line  $\mathcal{L}$ .
- 4:** (a) Let  $\mathcal{P}$  be the tangent plane to the surface given by  $z = 4x^2 - 8xy + 5y^2$  at the point where  $(x, y) = (2, 1)$ . Find the line of intersection of  $\mathcal{P}$  with the  $xy$ -plane.
- (b) Find the equation of the tangent plane to the surface given by  $e^{x+z} = \sqrt{x^2y + z}$  at the point  $(1, 2, -1)$ .
- 5:** Let  $\mathcal{S}$  be the surface  $2yz = x^2 + y^2$ .
- (a) Sketch the level sets  $z = -2, -1, 0, 1, 2$  for the surface  $\mathcal{S}$  (in other words, sketch the curve of intersection of  $\mathcal{S}$  with the each of the planes  $z = -2, -1, 0, 1, 2$ ).
  - (b) Sketch the surface  $\mathcal{S}$ .
  - (c) Find the equation of the tangent plane to  $\mathcal{S}$  at the point  $(3, 1, 5)$ .
- 6:** The position of a fly at time  $t$  is given by  $(x, y, z) = (t, t^2, 1 + t^3)$ . A light shines down on the fly from the point  $(0, 0, 3)$  and casts a shadow on the  $xy$ -plane. Find the position and the velocity of the shadow at time  $t = 1$ .