

THE NORMAL BUNDLE OF A SPHERE BUNDLE IS TRIVIAL

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ABSTRACT. Given a Riemannian metric on a smooth vector bundle $E \rightarrow M$, one can form its sphere bundle $S(E)$. The purpose of this note is to show that the normal bundle of the inclusion of total spaces $S(E) \rightarrow E$ is trivial.

Let $\pi : E \rightarrow M$ be a smooth rank k vector bundle and let g be a Riemannian metric on E . The sphere bundle of E with respect to g is $p : S(E) \rightarrow M$ where $S(E) = \{e \in E \mid g(e, e) = 1\}$ and $p = \pi|_{S(E)}$. As the name suggests, $p : S(E) \rightarrow M$ is a smooth fiber bundle with fiber S^{k-1} .

Let $i : S(E) \rightarrow E$ be the inclusion of total spaces. If Z denotes the image of the zero section of $\pi : E \rightarrow M$, note that i factors as $\beta \circ \alpha$ where $\alpha : S(E) \rightarrow E \setminus Z$ and $\beta : E \setminus Z \rightarrow E$ are the natural inclusions. Moreover, there is a diffeomorphism $\phi : E \setminus Z \rightarrow S(E) \times (0, \infty)$ given by $e \mapsto (\frac{e}{\|e\|}, \|e\|)$, where $\|e\| = \sqrt{g(e, e)}$. These maps combine into the following commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & & i & & \\
 & & \curvearrowright & & \\
 S(E) & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & E \setminus Z & \xrightarrow{\beta} & E \\
 & \searrow^{(\text{id}_{S(E)}, 1)} & \downarrow \phi & & \\
 & & S(E) \times (0, \infty) & & \\
 & \swarrow \pi_1 & & \searrow \pi_2 & \\
 & S(E) & & (0, \infty) &
 \end{array}$$

where $1 : S(E) \rightarrow (0, \infty)$ denotes the constant function with value 1, and π_1, π_2 are the natural projections. With this in mind, note that

$$\begin{aligned}
 i^*TE &\cong (\beta \circ \alpha)^*TE \\
 &\cong \alpha^*\beta^*TE \\
 &\cong \alpha^*T(E \setminus Z) \\
 &\cong \alpha^*\phi^*(T(S(E) \times (0, \infty))) \\
 &\cong (\phi \circ \alpha)^*(\pi_1^*T(S(E)) \oplus \pi_2^*T(0, \infty)) \\
 &\cong (\text{id}_{S(E)}, 1)^*(\pi_1^*T(S(E)) \oplus \varepsilon^1) \\
 &\cong (\text{id}_{S(E)}, 1)^*\pi_1^*T(S(E)) \oplus (\text{id}_{S(E)}, 1)^*\pi_2^*\varepsilon^1 \\
 &\cong (\pi_1 \circ (\text{id}_{S(E)}, 1))^*T(S(E)) \oplus (\pi_2 \circ (\text{id}_{S(E)}, 1))^*\varepsilon^1 \\
 &\cong \text{id}_{S(E)}^*T(S(E)) \oplus 1^*\varepsilon^1 \\
 &\cong T(S(E)) \oplus \varepsilon^1.
 \end{aligned}$$

Now let ν be the normal line bundle of the inclusion $i : S(E) \rightarrow E$. On $S(E)$ we have a short exact sequence of vector bundles

$$0 \rightarrow T(S(E)) \rightarrow i^*TE \rightarrow \nu \rightarrow 0.$$

As the first Stiefel-Whitney class is additive in short exact sequences, we have $w_1(i^*TE) = w_1(T(S(E))) + w_1(\nu)$. On the other hand, by the above isomorphism, $w_1(i^*TE) = w_1(T(S(E)) \oplus \varepsilon^1) = w_1(T(S(E)))$. Therefore $w_1(\nu) = 0$ and hence ν is trivial.