

**SPECIAL K**  
**Saturday November 5, 2011**  
**10:00 am - 1:00 pm**

**1:** Find the number of sequences  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_6$  with each  $a_i \in \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  such that

$$a_1 < a_2, a_2 > a_3, a_3 < a_4, a_4 > a_5, a_5 < a_6 \text{ and } a_6 > a_1.$$

**2:** Find the number of solutions to the congruence  $x^2 \equiv 40x \pmod{10^6}$ .

**3:** Four spheres of radius 1 are inscribed in a regular tetrahedron so that each sphere is tangent to the other 3 spheres and to 3 of the faces of the tetrahedron. Find the length of the edges of the tetrahedron.

**4:** Let  $S$  be a set of 4 distinct real numbers. Show that there exist  $a, b \in S$  such that

$$0 < \frac{a - b}{1 + ab} \leq 1.$$

**5:** Let  $f(z)$  be a polynomial with complex coefficients of degree  $n \geq 1$ . Show that there exist at least  $n + 1$  distinct complex numbers  $z$  with  $f(z) \in \{0, 1\}$ .

**6:** Let  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 1]$  be continuous. Let  $a_0 = 0$  and for  $n \geq 1$  let  $a_n = f(a_{n-1})$ . Suppose that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (a_n - a_{n-1}) = 0$ . Show that the sequence  $\{a_n\}$  converges.

**BIG E**  
**Saturday November 5, 2011**  
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- 1:** Find  $\int_0^e x e^{-\lfloor \ln x \rfloor} dx$ . (For  $y \in \mathbf{R}$ ,  $\lfloor y \rfloor$  denotes the largest integer  $n$  with  $n \leq y$ ).
- 2:** Four spheres of radius 1 are inscribed in a regular tetrahedron so that each sphere is tangent to the other 3 spheres and to 3 of the faces of the tetrahedron. Find the length of the edges of the tetrahedron.
- 3:** Let  $S$  be a set of 4 distinct real numbers. Show that there exist  $a, b \in S$  such that
- $$0 < \frac{a - b}{1 + ab} \leq 1.$$
- 4:** Let  $f(z)$  be a polynomial with complex coefficients of degree  $n \geq 1$ . Show that there exist at least  $n + 1$  distinct complex numbers  $z$  with  $f(z) \in \{0, 1\}$ .
- 5:** Show that for every integer  $n \geq 2$  there exists a finite group  $G$  with elements  $a, b \in G$  such that  $|a| = 2$ ,  $|b| = 3$  and  $|ab| = n$ . (For  $x \in G$ ,  $|x|$  denotes the order of  $x$  in  $G$ ).
- 6:** Let  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow [0, 1]$  be continuous. Let  $a_0 = 0$  and for  $n \geq 1$  let  $a_n = f(a_{n-1})$ . Suppose that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (a_n - a_{n-1}) = 0$ . Show that the sequence  $\{a_n\}$  converges.