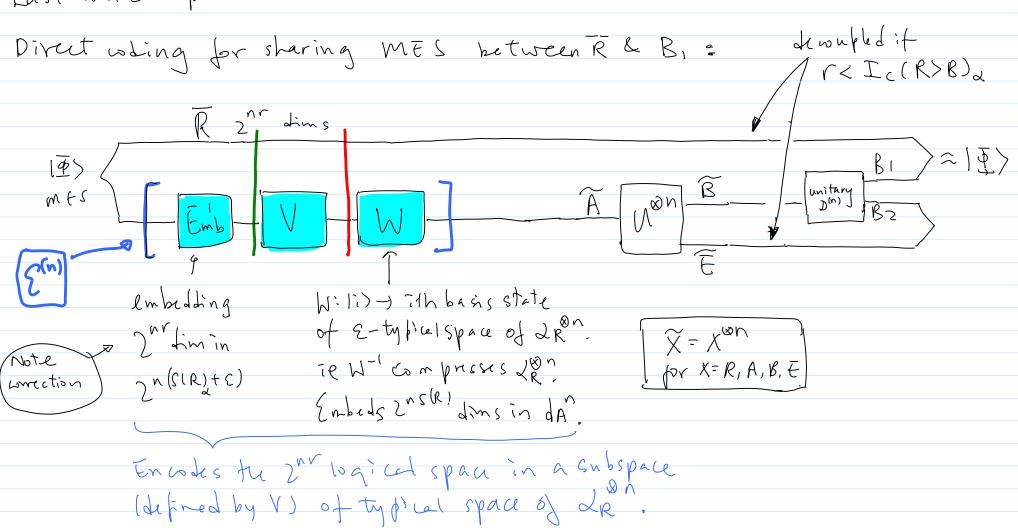
Last time: provad LSD treorem



We can obtain a code for transmitting arbitrary quantum state with small worse case error:

Find the rectivals in the logical space with worse filelity.

* Restrict to space orthogonal to IV).

Refeat X, and remove half of the dans.

Remaining space has large worse-case- fi delity.

(See 0311037 Prop 4.5)

R 2nr dims

mts

Emb

Whith A White

The basis state

of 2-typical space of 2 R. Other wales W:(i) -) Th basis state of 2-ty/selspace of 2R. (ode specification (V). Sofficient andition Who 1) V randomly unitary / Wiferd group gate 0702005 Hayden RE= product (tate Horodecki Yard Winter in trace Listance (2) V takes (K) to E e OKM (SKM) 0304127 Devetak Wheren't version of private Classical message vote. Bob can dewde (km) from B. M= 2nx({px, fx E}) Special random nS(R)x-bit string (D(2): transmit (3) MES Eve's state (labeled by K) approx const (in trace distance) (3) V takes IK) to 2 nS(R) Joze (bili)

Til qui mi form

probotith basis state in 2-tyliul space of 2 R. 0702006 Horotecki Show Bob can de code (K) Lloyd, Winter & Eve's state close to const on average if (K) rot -lortmasnal 4) V falus (K) to Z gil li) T=1 \quanssian var Show for typical set of Krans ops of N, QE((contains in halbs) Shor take their Spanaswh Spau .--..

N= binary erasur dannel: N(f)=(1-p) f + p 1,2>(21 (orider any It) RA- orthogonal IRONADB(14)(41) = (1-p) 14x41 RR + p tr (14x41) & 12x21 $I_{c}(R)B) = S(B) - S(RB)$ = H(p) + (1-p) S(trp | 4X41)-[4(P)+7S(trA(4X41)) = (1-2p) S(tra/4)(41).

Ic(R)B) = (1-2p) S(tral4)(41)

If $p < \frac{1}{2}$, we maximize S(tr A(t) < tl) = 1 with max ent I(t). $I(Q^{(1)}(N) = (1-2p)$

How does the achieving quantum code look Cilce?

LR= = , so typical space is entire input space.

- (1) · tale a random subspace of 2 lins OR
 - · take the span 2 rectors, each is an equal superposition of basis vectors with random plases
- (2) Remore states with low fatity.

Ic(R)B) = (1-2p) S(trA(4)(41)

If $p > \frac{1}{2}$, we minimize $S(tr_A(Y)(Y)) = 0$ with $|Y|_{RA} = |Y_1|_{R}(Y_2)_{A}$ $L(Q^{(1)}(N)) = 0$ Should n't bother sending anything.

Together, Q(1)(N)= max((-2p, 0).
Note the discontinuity in the optimal It) RA.

Useful to think about the stinespring diletion of the arasure channel.

$$\frac{A}{N} = \frac{A}{(1-p_{10})+(p_{11})}$$

$$\frac{B}{(1-p_{10})+(p_{11})}$$

$$\frac{B}{(1-p_{10})+(p_{11})}$$

$$\frac{B}{(1-p_{10})+(p_{11})}$$

$$\frac{B}{(1-p_{10})+(p_{11})}$$

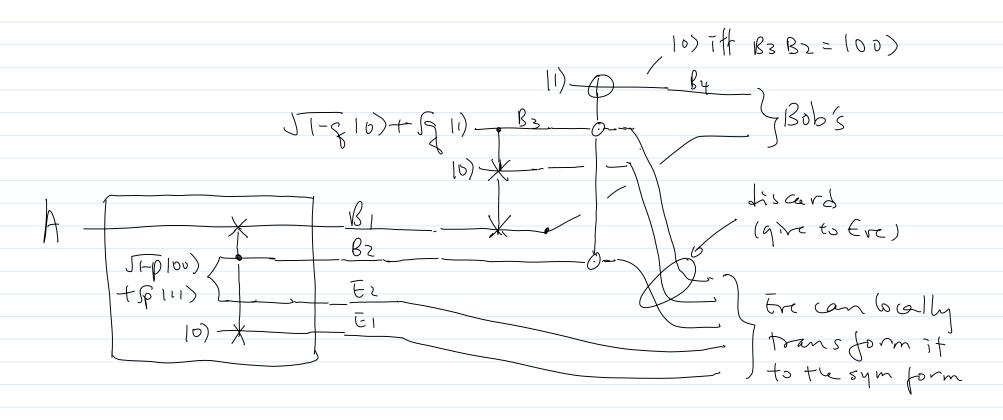
$$\frac{B}{(1-p_{10})+(p_{11})}$$

$$\frac{B}{(1-p_{10})+(p_{11})}$$

$$|\mathcal{L}| = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |\mathcal{L}| = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |\mathcal{L}|$$

· Evasure Channel 'splits' the input between B& E.

· By discarding "B, with some probability, Bob can obtain the output of an evasure channel with higher probability of evasure.



The above is an erasure channel with ensure prob = 1 - (1-p)(1-z) = p+z-pz > p.

- olf $P(\frac{1}{2})$, Bob can choose P+q-pq=1-P ($q=\frac{1-2p}{1-p}$) then he will end up having Eve's ont put from the origin ensure channel.
- · Likewise if p > &, Eve can locally process for state and get what Bob has.
- If $p \ge \frac{1}{2}$, not only Q(N)=0, one cannot him send a publit with arbitrarily many uses of the channel. If so, Bob de codes the input qubit but so does fore, thus channel!

Complementary Channel:

let N be a channel, U be its stinespring Libtion
The complementary channel N° is given by

 $N^{c}(p) = tr_{B}(Upu^{t})$

ie N': channel from Alia & Ere.

Gran N, N° Litermined up to a unitary.

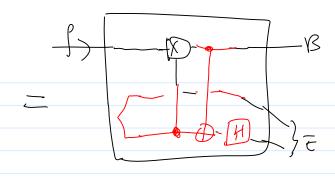
091. If Norasur channel W/ proberasure p No.... - - 1-4

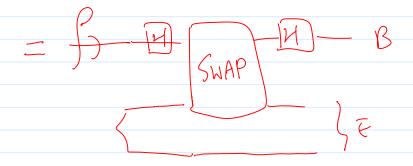
eg2. If N = completely randomization map $N^{C} = identity channel.$

NB. (NC) = N.

If Eve measures (ie perform a CNOT from her states to Frank's |0> states), she knows "what Pauli" has occured to \rho. That corresponds to having the classical communication share of teleportation, while Bob has the encrypted state. They each hold a share of the secret, neither has any info but together they recover the secret -- it is a (2,2) threshold scheme.

But she can do much better!





Auxeful digression: 0605009 (Kretschmann, Schlingemann, Werrer)

(D) Continuity of stinespring's Lilations (Ui = diletion of Wi):

(hum)

Int ||Ui-Ui||² \le || NI - Nz || D \le 2 int || UI-Uz || D

UI, Uz

UI, Uz

(7hm 3)

Approx complementarily relation between I & R & completely mondowing, ny
Thatily channel mep of

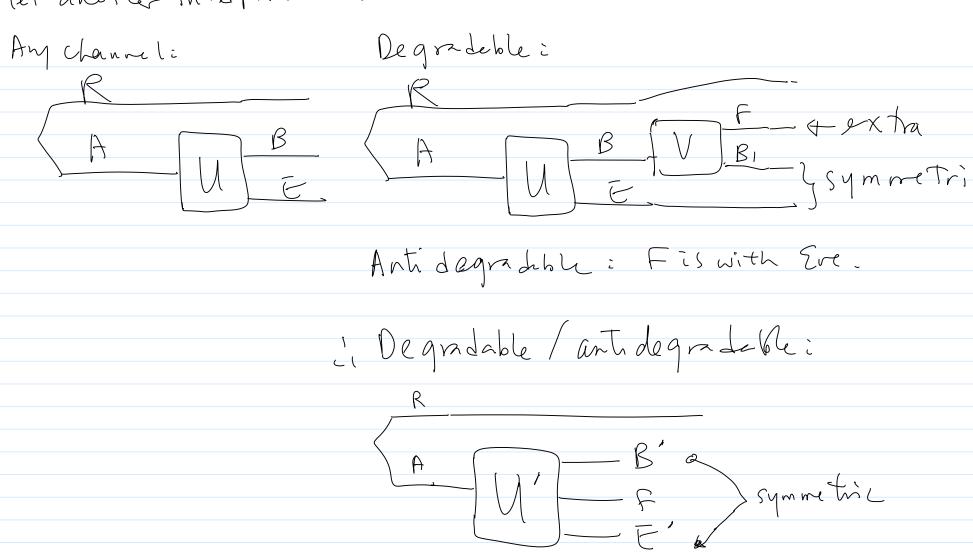
Degradable & antidegradable channels:

· N is Legradable if ID (a TCP map) sit. DON = N. il Bob can apply D (the Legrading nep) to his ortent and obtain Eve's out font. Since EAB purify one another Eve now gets Wet Bob originally has it (DON) = (NOC = N. Intuitively, pradegradeble clannel, "Bob is better than Tive." ef. We're seentet e rasure channel with p & \fi is degradable · Nis antidegnodable it N° is degnodable.

Te J E S.t. CONC = N.

Her Fre is better Ham Bob. 29. Frasure charmelw/P>.

Let another interpretation:



Thm: If N antidegradable, Q(N)=0.

In fact, not a single gubit on be sent with arbitrarily large number of uses of N.

Pf= If so, both Bob & Ever here a why of the infont implying Moning.

(De ve kale & Shor) Thm: If N degradable, then Q(N)=Q(1)(N). Pf: let N, Nz be degradable channels,

U, Mz ke their Stire spring dilations. dis/N2) let 120 = IR & Uz A -> B.E. (ITi) R.A.) (d) = IRIRZ X MISMZ ([Y)KIRZ AIAZ) AIAZ - BIBZZIZZ Iti) Bi Diler IY) R (t_2) = $(t_2$

Note that tensor product of Stinespring Lilations is a Stinespring dilation of the tunsor product of the channels.

Also tensor product of degradable clannels is tegradable.

8 - - - - degrating raps degrades the tensor product of channels.

 $T_{(R_i)} B_{-i} = S(B_{-i}) - S(E_{-i})$ $= S(B_i) - S(E_{-i})$ $= S(B_i) + S(E_{-i})$

Claim $S(B'_1B'_2|E'_1E'_2) \leq S(B'_1(E'_1) + S(B'_2|Z'_2))$

Pf(Clarm): LVIS= S(B(B2'Z', Z') - S(E, 'Z') KHS = S (B, Z,) - SIZ() + S(Bz Zz) - SIZ() RHS-LHS= S(B(Z')+S(BZZ')-S(B(BZ'Z'Z')) +S(7'7')-S(7')-S(7') $= S(B/Z'; B'_2) - S(Z'; Z'_2)$ > 0 by (nonotonicity of QMI (tracing of Bi, Bz aschel) < max Ic(R,)B,) + max Ic(R2)B)

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\left(N_{1}\otimes N_{2}\right)\right)\leq Q^{(1)}\left(N_{1}\right)+Q^{(1)}\left(N_{2}\right)$$

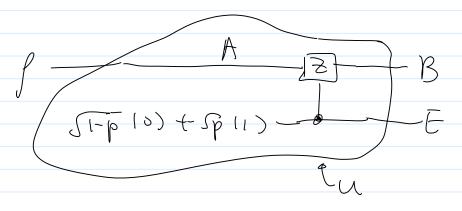
$$Q^{(1)}\left(N_{1}\otimes N_{2}\right)\leq Q^{(1)}\left(N_{1}\right)+Q^{(1)}\left(N_{2}\right)$$

Finally, if N tegradable: $Q^{(m)}(N) = Q^{(1)}(N \otimes N \otimes m^{-1)}$ $= Q^{(1)}(N) + Q^{(1)}(N^{\otimes (m-1)})$ $= \vdots$ $= m Q^{(1)}(N)$

(or: Q(N) = MAX (1-2p, 0) for smart Channel Werrer prob Prote factor of 2. eg Phase Lamping channel:

NIP) = (I-p) p + p 2 p 2 t

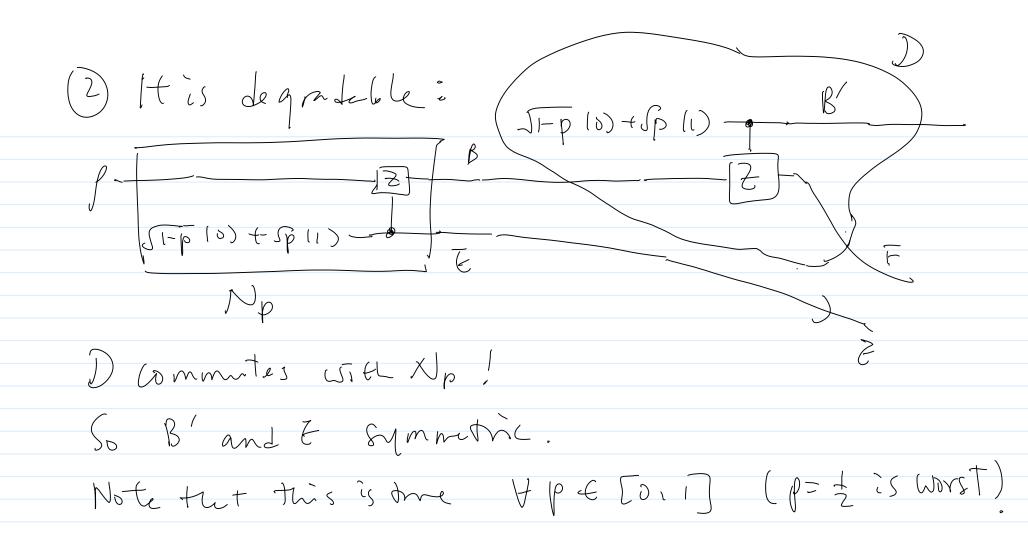
Stinespring's Liation:



Like the examina channel

() Pob can append another plase damping dannel
to the out put and "damp" it puter:

Ng o Np (p) = ((1-p)(1-z1+pz) p+ (p+z) 2/t



$$Q(N) = Q(1)(N) = 1 - H(P)$$

eg. Amplitude damping channel.

There's a nice Stinespring Lilation Leaving 10) A as 10) B but sending 11) A to a state symon B&E.

His also degradable up to $Y \subseteq Y_0$ So Q(N) = Q''(N) can be found. Detail left in Assignment 3.

(NB Before tegradelility was understood, we had no idea what's the cepanity of the AD channel, esp due to the possibility of approx QEC.)