

## Free algebras as subdirect products

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### Free algebras as subdirect products

If  $\mathcal{K}$  is a class of algebras (of a given type) let  $F_{\mathcal{K}}(X)$  be the free algebra which is freely generated by  $X$  in the variety generated by  $\mathcal{K}$ . A well-known result of Birkhoff says that  $F_{\mathcal{K}}(X)$  can be realized as a subalgebra of a product of algebras from  $\mathcal{K}$ , i.e.  $F_{\mathcal{K}}(X) \in \mathbf{ISP}(\mathcal{K})$ . For  $X$  sufficiently large we can sharpen this as follows.

**THEOREM.** *Given a class  $\mathcal{K}$  of algebras there is a cardinal  $m$  such that if  $|X| \geq m$  then  $F_{\mathcal{K}}(X)$  can be realized as a subdirect product of algebras from  $\mathcal{K}$ , i.e.  $F_{\mathcal{K}}(X) \in \mathbf{IP}_s(\mathcal{K})$ .*

*Proof.* First let  $\mathcal{K}^*$  be a set of algebras from  $\mathcal{K}$  which generates the same variety as  $\mathcal{K}$ , and let  $m$  be an infinite upper bound on the size of members of  $\mathcal{K}^*$ . For  $X$  such that  $|X| \geq m$  we claim that  $F_{\mathcal{K}}(X)$  is in  $\mathbf{IP}_s(\mathcal{K}^*)$ . Indeed if  $a, b \in F_{\mathcal{K}}(X)$  and  $a \neq b$  then there is a homomorphism  $\phi: F_{\mathcal{K}}(X) \rightarrow A$  for some  $A \in \mathcal{K}^*$  such that  $\phi(a) \neq \phi(b)$ . As there is a finite  $X_1 \subseteq X$  such that  $a, b$  both belong to the subalgebra generated by  $X_1$ , and as  $|X| \geq m$ , we can easily modify  $\phi$  to make it onto, completing the proof.

**COROLLARY** (Kogalovskii (see [1], p. 153)). *For all  $\mathcal{K}$ ,  $\mathbf{HSP}(\mathcal{K}) = \mathbf{HP}_s(\mathcal{K})$ .*

*Proof:* Clearly  $\mathbf{HSP}(\mathcal{K}) = \mathbf{H}(\{F_{\mathcal{K}}(X) : |X| \geq m\})$ , for  $m$  as in the Theorem. Thus  $\mathbf{HSP}(\mathcal{K}) \subseteq \mathbf{HP}_s(\mathcal{K})$ , so  $\mathbf{HSP}(\mathcal{K}) = \mathbf{HP}_s(\mathcal{K})$ .

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The Theorem was inspired by some recent work of J. Lawrence on regular rings [2].

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## REFERENCES

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